House of Representatives



General Assembly

File No. 436

February Session, 2012

Substitute House Bill No. 5034

House of Representatives, April 16, 2012

The Committee on Judiciary reported through REP. FOX, G. of the 146th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

AN ACT CONCERNING RETIREMENT PROVISIONS RELATING TO JUDGES, FAMILY SUPPORT MAGISTRATES AND COMPENSATION COMMISSIONERS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 51-49a of the 2012 supplement to the general
- 2 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
- 3 (*Effective from passage*):
- 4 (a) The right to a retirement salary, in accordance with the
- 5 provisions of this section, of any judge, family support magistrate or
- 6 compensation commissioner who is not eligible to retire under the
- 7 provisions of section 51-49i, as amended by this act, or 51-50a, as
- 8 amended by this act, which judge, family support magistrate or
- 9 <u>compensation</u> commissioner has completed ten years of service as
- such, shall be vested and nonforfeitable.
- 11 (b) Any such judge or compensation commissioner who first
- 12 commenced service as a judge or compensation commissioner prior to

January 1, 1981, and who resigns (1) [prior to September 2, 2011] on or before October 1, 2011, (2) prior to becoming eligible to retire under section 51-50a, as amended by this act, and (3) after at least ten years of service, shall receive, at such time as he would have been eligible to so retire if he had continued in such service, as retirement salary, annually, fifty per cent of the retirement salary he would have received had he served until he was so eligible, plus ten per cent of such retirement salary for each year of service beyond ten years but for not more than five years of additional service.

- (c) Any such judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner who first commenced service as a judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner on or after January 1, 1981, and who resigns (1) [prior to September 2, 2011] on or before October 1, 2011, (2) prior to becoming eligible to retire under section 51-50a, as amended by this act, and (3) after at least ten years of service, shall receive, at such time as he would have been eligible to so retire if he had continued in such service, annually, an amount equal to the fraction of the retirement salary he would have received had he served until he was so eligible [which] that corresponds to the ratio which the number of years of his completed service bears to the number of years of service which would have been completed at age sixty-five or twenty years, whichever is less.
- (d) Any such judge or compensation commissioner who first commenced service as a judge or compensation commissioner prior to January 1, 1981, and who resigns (1) on or after October 2, 2011, and prior to July 1, 2022, (2) prior to becoming eligible to retire under section 51-50a, as amended by this act, and (3) after at least ten years of service, shall receive, at such time as he would have been eligible to so retire, annually, an amount equal to the fraction of the retirement salary he would have received had he been eligible to retire on the date of his resignation that corresponds to the ratio that the number of years of his completed service bears to the number of years of service that would have been completed at sixty-five or twenty years, whichever is less, and shall begin collecting such retirement salary not earlier than

47 at sixty-two years of age.

(e) Any such judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner who first commenced service as a judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner on or after January 1, 1981, and prior to July 1, 2011, and who resigns (1) on or after October 2, 2011, and prior to July 1, 2022, (2) prior to becoming eligible to retire under section 51-50a, as amended by this act, and (3) after at least ten years of service, shall receive, at such time as he would have been eligible to so retire, annually, an amount equal to the fraction of the retirement salary he would have received had he been eligible to retire on the date of his resignation that corresponds to the ratio that the number of years of his completed service bears to the number of years of service that would have been completed at sixty-five or twenty years, whichever is less, and shall begin collecting such retirement salary not earlier than at sixty-five years of age.

[(f) In determining the amount of retirement payments to be made pursuant to subsections (b) to (e), inclusive, of this section, longevity payments which would have been made if the judge, family support magistrate or commissioner had continued to serve as a judge, family support magistrate or commissioner from the date of resignation with a vested right to a retirement salary shall not be included in the computation.]

[(g)] (f) Any such judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner who first commenced service as a judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner on or after July 1, 2011, and who resigns (1) prior to becoming eligible to retire under section 51-49i, as amended by this act, or 51-50a, as amended by this act, and (2) after at least ten years of service, shall receive, at such time as he would have been eligible to so retire, annually, an amount equal to the fraction of the retirement salary he would have received had he been eligible to retire on the date of his resignation that corresponds to the ratio that the number of years of his completed service bears to the number of years of service that would have been completed at sixty-

80 five or twenty years, whichever is less, and shall begin collecting such 81 retirement salary not earlier than at sixty-five years of age.

- (g) In determining the amount of retirement payments to be made pursuant to subsections (b) to (f), inclusive, of this section, longevity payments which would have been made if the judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner had continued to serve as a judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner from the date of resignation with a vested right to a retirement salary shall not be included in the computation.
- 89 Sec. 2. Section 51-49b of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes 90 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective 91 *from passage*):
- 92 (a) On January 1, 1982, and January first of each subsequent year, 93 each judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner 94 who first commenced service as a judge, family support magistrate or 95 compensation commissioner on or after January 1, 1981, and retired on 96 or before [September 2, 2011] October 1, 2011, shall be entitled, in 97 addition to the retirement salary to which such judge, family support magistrate or commissioner was entitled under the provisions of section 51-49a, as amended by this act, 51-50 or 51-50a, as amended by this act, as of the December thirty-first immediately preceding, to an additional percentage which reflects the increase, if any, in the National Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the previous twelve-month period, provided such cost of living allowance shall not exceed three per cent. Such cost of living allowance shall be computed on the basis of the combined retirement salary and cost of living allowances, if any, to which such judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner was entitled as of the December thirty-first immediately preceding.
 - (b) On January 1, 2012, and January first of each subsequent year, each judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner who [was in service] retires as a judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner on or after [September 1, 2011, and retired

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113 on or before the December thirty-first immediately preceding, shall be 114 entitled, in addition to the retirement salary to which such judge, 115 family support magistrate or compensation commissioner was entitled under the provisions of section 51-49a, 51-50 or 51-50a, as of the 116 117 December thirty-first immediately preceding, to an additional 118 percentage which reflects the increase, if any, in the National 119 Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers 120 for the previous twelve-month period, provided such cost of living 121 allowance shall not exceed two per cent. Such cost of living allowance 122 shall be computed on the basis of the combined retirement salary and 123 cost of living allowances, if any, to which such judge, family support 124 magistrate or compensation commissioner was entitled as of the 125 December thirty-first immediately preceding October 2, 2011, shall 126 receive, in addition to the retirement salary to which such judge, 127 family support magistrate or compensation commissioner was entitled 128 under the provisions of section 51-49a, as amended by this act, 51-50 or 51-50a, as amended by this act, as of the December thirty-first 129 130 immediately preceding, a cost of living allowance equivalent to the 131 cost of living allowance applied to the retirement salary of members of 132 the state employees retirement system who retired on or after October 133 2, 2011, for the same period.

- Sec. 3. Section 51-49c of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 137 (a) On January 1, 1982, and January first of each subsequent year 138 until January 1, 2011, each surviving spouse of a deceased judge, 139 family support magistrate or [of a] compensation commissioner who 140 first commenced service as a judge, family support magistrate or 141 compensation commissioner on or after January 1, 1981, receiving an 142 allowance under the provisions of section 51-51, shall be entitled to an 143 additional cost of living allowance equal to the percentage which 144 reflects the increase, if any, in the National Consumer Price Index for 145 Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the previous twelve-146 month period, provided such cost of living increase shall not exceed

three per cent. Such cost of living allowance shall be computed on the basis of the combined retirement allowance and cost of living allowance, if any, to which such surviving spouse was entitled as of

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(b) On January 1, 2012, and January first of each subsequent year, each surviving spouse of a deceased judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner who [first commenced service as a judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner on or after January 1, 1981, receiving an allowance under the provisions of section 51-51, shall be entitled to an additional cost of living allowance equal to the percentage which reflects the increase, if any, in the National Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the previous twelve-month period, provided such cost of living increase shall not exceed two per cent. Such cost of living allowance shall be computed on the basis of the combined retirement allowance and cost of living allowance, if any, to which such surviving spouse was entitled as of the December thirty-first immediately preceding] was in service as a judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner on or after October 2, 2011, shall receive, in addition to the retirement salary to which such judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner was entitled under the provisions of section 51-49a, as amended by this act, 51-50 or 51-50a, as amended by this act, as of the December thirty-first immediately preceding, a cost of living allowance equivalent to the cost of living allowance applied to the retirement salary of members of the state employees retirement system who retired on or after October 2, 2011, for the same period.

Sec. 4. Section 51-49f of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) For purposes of determining both the retirement salary of judges who first commenced service as judges prior to January 1, 1981, and the allowance payable to their surviving spouses under subsection (a)

of section 51-51, "salary for the office" shall be composed of the total of the following amounts: The annual salary payable pursuant to subsection (a) of section 51-47, as such salary may change from time to time; and for judges to whom a longevity payment has been made or is due and payable, in each instance under subsection (d) of section 51-47, (1) one and one-half per cent of annual salary, as such salary may change from time to time, for those who have completed ten or more but less than fifteen years of service as a judge or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service, (2) three per cent of annual salary, as such salary may change from time to time, for those who have completed fifteen or more but less than twenty years of service as a judge or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service, (3) four and one-half per cent of annual salary, as such salary may change from time to time, for those who have completed twenty or more but less than twenty-five years of service as a judge or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service, and (4) six per cent of annual salary, as such salary may change from time to time, for those who have completed twenty-five or more years of service as a judge or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service.

(b) For purposes of determining both the retirement salary of judges who first commenced service as judges on or after January 1, 1981, and prior to July 1, 2011, and the allowance payable to their surviving spouses, under subsection (b) of section 51-51, "salary" shall be composed of the total of the following amounts: The annual salary payable at the time of retirement or death, fixed in accordance with subsection (a) of section 51-47; and for judges to whom a longevity payment has been made or is due and payable, in each case under subsection (d) of section 51-47, (1) one and one-half per cent of the annual salary the judge was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed ten or more but less than fifteen years of service as a judge or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service, (2) three per

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cent of the annual salary the judge was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed fifteen or more but less than twenty years of service as a judge or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service, (3) four and one-half per cent of the annual salary the judge was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed twenty or more but less than twenty-five years of service as a judge or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service, and (4) six per cent of the annual salary the judge was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed twenty-five or more years of service as a judge or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service.

(c) For purposes of determining both the retirement salary of judges who first commenced service as judges on or after July 1, 2011, and the allowance payable to their surviving spouses, under subsection (b) of section 51-51, "salary" shall be composed of the total of the following amounts: The average annual salary for the five years next preceding his or her retirement payable at the time of retirement or death, fixed in accordance with subsection (a) of section 51-47; and for judges to whom a longevity payment has been made or is due and payable, in each case under subsection (d) of section 51-47, (1) one and one-half per cent of the annual salary the judge was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed ten or more but less than fifteen years of service as a judge or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service, (2) three per cent of the annual salary the judge was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed fifteen or more but less than twenty years of service as a judge or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service, (3) four and one-half per cent of the annual salary the judge was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed twenty or more but less than twenty-five years of service as a judge or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service, and (4) six per cent of the annual

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salary the judge was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed twenty-five or more years of service as a judge or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service.

- (d) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, on [or] and after [September 2, 2011] October 2, 2011, the retirement salary of such judge [, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner] shall not exceed the limits of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time.
- Sec. 5. Section 51-49g of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) For purposes of determining both the retirement salary of compensation commissioners who first commenced service as compensation commissioners in a term commencing prior to January 1, 1981, and the allowance payable to their surviving spouses under subsection (a) of section 51-51, "salary" shall be composed of the total of the following amounts: The annual salary payable pursuant to subsection (a) of section 31-277, as such salary may change from time to time; and for compensation commissioners to whom a longevity payment has been made or is due and payable, in each instance under subsection (b) of section 31-277, (1) one and one-half per cent of annual salary, as such salary may change from time to time, for those who have completed ten or more but less than fifteen years of service as a compensation commissioner, (2) three per cent of annual salary, as such salary may change from time to time for those who have completed fifteen or more but less than twenty years of service as a compensation commissioner, (3) four and one-half per cent of annual salary, as such salary may change from time to time, for those who have completed twenty or more but less than twenty-five years of service as a compensation commissioner, and (4) six per cent of annual salary, as such salary may change from time to time, for those who have completed twenty-five or more years of service as a

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(b) For purposes of determining both the retirement salary of compensation commissioners who first commenced service as compensation commissioners in a term commencing on or after January 1, 1981, and prior to July 1, 2011, and the allowance payable to their surviving spouses, under subsection (b) of section 51-51, "salary" shall be composed of the total of the following amounts: The annual salary payable at the time of retirement or death, fixed in accordance with subsection (a) of section 31-277; and for compensation commissioners to whom a longevity payment has been made or is due and payable, in each case under subsection (b) of section 31-277, (1) one and one-half per cent of the annual salary the compensation commissioner was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed ten or more but less than fifteen years of service as a compensation commissioner, (2) three per cent of the annual salary the compensation commissioner was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed fifteen or more but less than twenty years of service as a compensation commissioner, (3) four and one-half per cent of the annual salary the compensation commissioner was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed twenty or more but less than twenty-five years of service as a compensation commissioner and (4) six per cent of the annual salary the compensation commissioner was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed twenty-five or more years of service as a compensation commissioner.

(c) For purposes of determining both the retirement salary of compensation commissioners who first commenced service as compensation commissioners on or after July 1, 2011, and the allowance payable to their surviving spouses, under subsection (b) of section 51-51, "salary" shall be composed of the total of the following amounts: The average annual salary for the five years next preceding his or her retirement payable at the time of retirement or death, fixed in accordance with subsection (a) of section 31-277; and for

compensation commissioners to whom a longevity payment has been made or is due and payable, in each case under subsection (b) of section 31-277, (1) one and one-half per cent of the annual salary the compensation commissioner was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed ten or more but less than fifteen years of service as a compensation commissioner or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service, (2) three per cent of the annual salary the compensation commissioner was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed fifteen or more but less than twenty years of service as a compensation commissioner or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service, (3) four and one-half per cent of the annual salary the compensation commissioner was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed twenty or more but less than twenty-five years of service as a compensation commissioner or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service, and (4) six per cent of the annual salary the compensation commissioner was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed twenty-five or more years of service as a compensation commissioner or other state service or service as an elected official of the state or any combination of such service.

- (d) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, on and
 after October 2, 2011, the retirement salary of such compensation
 commissioner shall not exceed the limits of Section 415 of the Internal
 Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal
 revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time.
- Sec. 6. Section 51-49i of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 348 (a) For any judge, family support magistrate or compensation 349 commissioner retiring on or after July 1, 2022, the right to a retirement

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salary in accordance with the provisions of this section shall vest and be nonforfeitable when the judge, family support magistrate or commissioner has attained the age of sixty-three years and twenty-five years of service as a judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner, or [sixty-two] sixty-five years and has served ten years as a judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner or has thirty years of state service credit under the provisions of chapter 66, provided not less than ten years of such state service was served as a judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner, and provided such state service shall not be used for retirement credit under said chapter 66. Any contributions made under said chapter 66 shall be transferred to the Judges, Family Support Magistrates and Compensation Commissioners Retirement Fund.

- (b) Any judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner who has been refunded contributions from the State Employees Retirement Fund for any prior period of state service may receive credit for such service upon repayment of such refunded contributions with interest thereon at the rate of five per cent per year from the date of refund to the date of payment. The amount of such payment shall be transferred to the judges, family support magistrates and compensation commissioners retirement system. A judge, family support magistrate or commissioner may elect to retire at any time thereafter.
- [(c) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, any judge who has served for at least sixteen years as a judge and was nominated by the Governor for a subsequent term but was not reappointed and who has attained sixty-three years of age shall be eligible to receive a retirement salary effective upon the expiration of his term as a judge.]
- (c) Each judge shall receive annually, as retirement salary, two-thirds of the salary as defined in section 51-49f, as amended by this act, at the time of his or her retirement; each compensation commissioner shall receive annually, as retirement salary, two-thirds of the salary as

defined in section 51-49g, as amended by this act, and each family support magistrate shall receive, annually as retirement salary, two-thirds of the salary as defined in section 46b-233a, as amended by this act; except that, if a judge, compensation commissioner or family support magistrate has served fewer than ten years at the time of his or her retirement under this section, his or her retirement salary shall be reduced in the ratio that the number of years of his or her completed service bears to the number of years of service that would have been completed at age seventy or ten years, whichever is less.

- Sec. 7. Section 46b-233a of the 2012 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (a) Each family support magistrate who had elected under the provisions of subdivision (2) of subsection (i) of section 46b-231 shall, for retirement purposes, be entitled to credit for any or all the prior years of service accrued by him on June 22, 1992, while serving in the office of family support magistrate, provided such magistrate shall pay to the Comptroller five per cent of the salary for his office for each prior year of service he claims for retirement credit. Each such magistrate shall be entitled to have his retirement contributions to the state employees retirement system under chapter 66 credited toward the payment due for the prior year or years of service he claims for retirement credit under this section.
- (b) For purposes of determining both the retirement salary of family support magistrates who first commenced service prior to July 1, 2011, and the allowance payable to their surviving spouses under subsection (b) of section 51-51, "salary" shall be composed of the total of the following amounts: The [average] annual salary [for the five years next preceding his or her retirement] payable at the time of retirement or death, fixed in accordance with subsection (h) of section 46b-231; and for family support magistrates to whom a longevity payment has been made or is due and payable, in each case under section [51-51] 46b-233 (1) one and one-half per cent of the annual salary the family support

magistrate was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed ten or more but less than fifteen years of service as a family support magistrate, (2) three per cent of the annual salary the family support magistrate was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed fifteen or more but less than twenty years of service as a family support magistrate, (3) four and one-half per cent of the annual salary the family support magistrate was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed twenty or more but less than twenty-five years of service as a family support magistrate, and (4) six per cent of the annual salary the family support magistrate was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed twenty-five or more years of service as a family support magistrate.

(c) For purposes of determining both the retirement salary of family support magistrates who first commenced service as family support magistrates on or after July 1, 2011, and the allowance payable to their surviving spouses, under subsection (b) of section 51-51, "salary" shall be composed of the total of the following amounts: The average annual salary for the five years next preceding his or her retirement payable at the time of retirement or death, fixed in accordance with subsection (h) of section 46b-231; and for family support magistrates to whom a longevity payment has been made or is due and payable, (1) one and one-half per cent of the annual salary the family support magistrate was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed ten or more but less than fifteen years of service as a family support magistrate, (2) three per cent of the annual salary the family support magistrate was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed fifteen or more but less than twenty years of service as a family support magistrate, (3) four and one-half per cent of the annual salary the family support magistrate was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed twenty or more but less than twenty-five years of service as a family support magistrate, and (4) six per cent of the annual salary the family support magistrate was receiving at the time of retirement or death, for those who have completed twenty-five or more years of service as a family

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support magistrate.

[(c)] (d) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, on [or] and after [September 2, 2011] October 2, 2011, the retirement salary of such [judge,] family support magistrate [or compensation commissioner] shall not exceed the limits of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time.

- Sec. 8. (NEW) (Effective from passage) On or before July 1, 2013, judges who are in service on the effective date of this section may make a one-time irrevocable election to begin paying the actuarial pension cost of maintaining the normal retirement eligibility existing in the present plan on the effective date of this section, but which is scheduled to change effective July 1, 2022. The cost of making such an election shall be established by the plan's actuaries and such cost shall be communicated to judges by the Retirement Division of the Office of the Comptroller. The irrevocable election shall be made on a form prescribed by the State Employees Retirement Commission and shall indicate the judge's election to participate or not participate. In the event a judge fails to make an election on or before July 1, 2013, he or she shall not be eligible to participate. In the event a judge makes a successful claim to the State Employees Retirement Commission of agency error, such judge shall make payments in accordance with the state's usual practice.
- Sec. 9. Subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 51-50a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (a) (1) The right of any judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner retiring prior to July 1, 2022, to a retirement salary in accordance with the provisions of this section shall vest and be nonforfeitable when the judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner has attained the age of sixty-five years, or has served twenty years as a judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner or has thirty years of state service credit

under the provisions of chapter 66, provided not less than ten years of such state service was served as a judge, family support magistrate or compensation commissioner, and provided such state service shall not be used for retirement credit under chapter 66. Any contributions made under chapter 66 shall be transferred to the Judges, Family Support Magistrates and Compensation Commissioners Retirement Fund.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	from passage	51-49a
Sec. 2	from passage	51-49b
Sec. 3	from passage	51-49c
Sec. 4	from passage	51-49f
Sec. 5	from passage	51-49g
Sec. 6	from passage	51-49i
Sec. 7	from passage	46b-233a
Sec. 8	from passage	New section
Sec. 9	from passage	51-50a(a)(1)

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In section 5(c), the internal reference to "<u>subsection (a) of section 51-47</u>" was changed to "<u>subsection (a) of section 31-277</u>", and the internal reference to "<u>subsection (d) of section 51-47</u>" was changed to "<u>subsection (b) of section 31-277</u>" for accuracy. In section 7(b), the second reference to section "51-51" was changed to "[51-51] <u>46b-233</u>" for accuracy.

JUD Joint Favorable Subst.

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact: None

Municipal Impact: None

Explanation

The bill does not result in a fiscal impact as it makes technical changes to last year's modifications of the statutes governing retirement pensions of judges, family support magistrates and worker's compensation commissioners. The changes in statute were made as a result of the Revised SEBAC 2011 Agreement.

The Out Years

State Impact: None

Municipal Impact: None

OLR Bill Analysis sHB 5034

AN ACT CONCERNING RETIREMENT PROVISIONS RELATING TO JUDGES, FAMILY SUPPORT MAGISTRATES AND COMPENSATION COMMISSIONERS.

SUMMARY:

This bill makes numerous changes to the retirement benefits and requirements for judges, family support magistrates, and compensation commissioners, whose retirement system is separate from the State Employees Retirement System (SERS). This system has its own pension fund, is governed by statute, and is not subject to collective bargaining.

The bill:

- 1. changes how cost of living adjustments (COLAs) are calculated and, after this year, ends COLAs for the surviving spouses of those officials who retired or died in office before October 1, 2011;
- 2. changes how retirement benefits are calculated for (a) compensation commissioners who began serving on or after July 1, 2011, and (b) family support magistrates who began serving before July 1, 2011;
- 3. increases retirement age requirements for officials with at least ten, but less than 25, years of service;
- 4. allows judges to maintain their current retirement requirements by increasing their contributions to the retirement system; and
- 5. makes various minor, technical, and conforming changes.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon passage

COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENTS

The law provides an annual COLA to the pensions received by retired judges, family support magistrates, and compensation commissioners. Under current law, the COLA matches the previous year's increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W), up to 3% for those officials who retired on or before September 2, 2011. The bill extends this retirement date threshold to October 1, 2011.

Current law allows a 2% maximum COLA for those officials who were in service on or after September 1, 2011. The bill removes the 2% limit and instead sets the COLA for any official who retires after October 1, 2011, as the same as those for retired state employees in SERS who retire after October 1, 2011. The COLA for these SERS employees must be between 2% and 7.5% and calculated as 60% of the annual CPI-W increase, up to 6%, plus 75% of any annual CPI-W increase over 6%.

Surviving Spouse Colas

The law also provides COLAs to the surviving spouses of deceased judges, family support magistrates, and compensation commissioners eligible for retirement benefits. For the surviving spouses of those officials who began serving after January 1, 1981, current law limits the COLA to a 3% increase through 2011, and a 2% increase after January 1, 2012.

The bill ends COLAs for any surviving spouse whose deceased spouse did not serve as a judge, family support magistrate, or compensation commissioner after October 1, 2011. Under the bill, COLAs for the surviving spouses of officials who serve after that date must be the same as the COLAs given to SERS retires who retire after October 1, 2011.

COMPENSATION COMMISSIONERS

By law, a compensation commissioner's retirement benefit and the

allowance paid to a surviving spouse is based on the commissioner's salary. For those who began serving after January 1, 1981, current law bases the benefit on the annual salary the commissioner was receiving at the time of his or her retirement or death. For retired compensation commissioners who received longevity payments, the law also provides a benefit increase based on the amount of time served as a compensation commissioner.

Under the bill, the retirement and surviving spouse benefit for compensation commissioners who begin serving on or after July 1, 2011 is based on the commissioner's average annual salary over the five years immediately preceding his or her retirement or death. The bill also broadens the service time used to calculate their longevity benefit increase to include the commissioner's total state service and service as an elected official.

FAMILY SUPPORT MAGISTRATES

PA 11-61 changed the definition of the "salary" used to determine the retirement benefits paid to all family support magistrates and their surviving spouses from the annual salary payable at the time of retirement to the magistrate's average annual salary over the five years preceding his or her retirement or death. The bill returns magistrates who began serving before July 1, 2011 to the prior definition of salary (the annual salary payable at the time of retirement) and applies PA 11-61's definition (average annual salary over the five years preceding retirement) only to those magistrates who began serving on or after July 1, 2011. As under current law, retired family support magistrates who received longevity payments receive a benefit increase based on the amount of time served as a family support magistrate, regardless of when they began serving.

SERVICE AND AGE REQUIREMENTS

PA 11-61 established new service and age requirements for judges, family support magistrates, and compensation commissioners who retire on or after July 1, 2022, requiring them to have either (1) 25 years of service and be at least 63 years old or (2) 10 years of service and be

at least 62 years old, to qualify for a normal retirement benefit. The bill increases the age requirement, from 62 to 65, for those officials with at least 10, but less than 25, years of service.

The bill eliminates eligibility for a retirement salary for a judge retiring on or after July 1, 2022 who does not meet these requirements but (1) is at least age 63, (2) served at least 16 years as a judge, (3) was nominated by the governor for another term, and (4) was not reappointed. (An identical provision remains in statute for judges who retire before July 1, 2022 (CGS § 51-50a(a)(3)).

The bill also specifies that for judges, family support magistrates, and compensation commissioners retiring on or after July 1, 2022, (1) the normal retirement benefit is two-thirds of their "salary," as defined in the bill and various statutes, and (2) the benefit for officials who retire with less than 10 years of service is reduced by the ratio an official's completed service years has to the lesser of either the number of service years the official would have had at age 70 or 10 years. Current law applies the same provisions to officials retiring before July 1, 2022.

OPTION TO MAINTAIN CURRENT REQUIREMENTS

The bill allows judges who are serving when it is enacted to make a one-time irrevocable decision to maintain their current normal retirement requirements, regardless of the changes scheduled to occur on July 1, 2022, by increasing their contributions to the retirement system. The amount of the increase must be the actuarial pension cost of maintaining eligibility in the existing plan, as determined by the retirement system's actuaries and provided to the judges by the Retirement Division of the Office of the State Comptroller. The bill requires the State Employees Retirement Commission to prescribe the form used to indicate a judge's decision. Judges must decide to participate by July 1, 2013. Judges who make a successful agency error claim to the State Employees Retirement Commission must make payments according to the state's usual practice.

REDUCED BENEFITS FOR OFFICIALS WHO RESIGN

Under current law, judges, family support magistrates, and compensation commissioners can receive a reduced retirement benefit if they resign after serving for at least 10 years, but prior to meeting normal retirement requirements. The bill specifies that the reduced benefit for any officials who resign after October 1, 2011 is calculated as a fraction of the benefit they would have received if they had been eligible for normal retirement when they resigned. This fraction is the ratio between an official's completed service years and the lesser of either the number of service years the official would have had at age 65 or twenty years. The bill also makes minor and technical changes to these provisions.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Judiciary Committee

Joint Favorable Substitute Yea 45 Nay 0 (03/28/2012)